

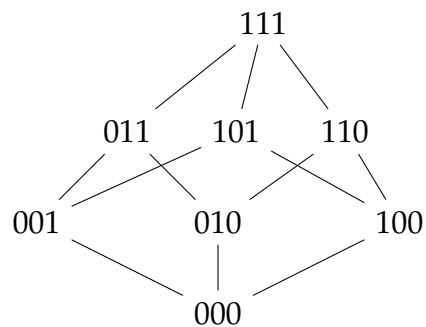
1 Lattices

Let $L = \{000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111\}$, with $a \leq b$ defined by $a \& b = a$.

1.1 Hasse Diagram

Draw the Hasse Diagram for this lattice. Recall that a lattice element y covering an element x is represented by an edge from y to x .

Answer:



1.2 Is this lattice complete?

Answer: Yes

1.3 What is the top element?

Answer: 111

1.4 What is the bottom element?

Answer: 000

1.5 Evaluate the following:

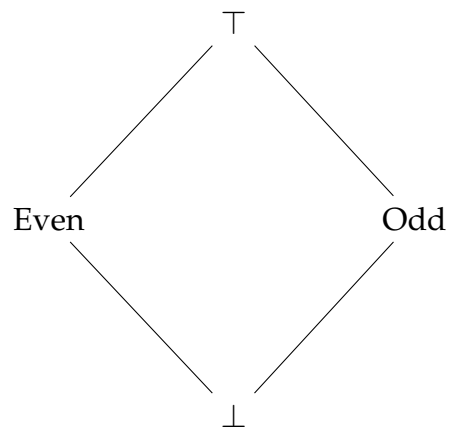
Expression	Value
$100 \wedge 110$	
$011 \vee (001 \wedge 111)$	
$010 \vee 001$	
$001 \wedge (100 \vee 010)$	

Answer:

Expression	Value
$100 \wedge 110$	100
$011 \vee (001 \wedge 111)$	011
$010 \vee 001$	011
$001 \wedge (100 \vee 010)$	000

2 Parity Analysis

We track the parity of variables using the lattice:



For $a = b + c$, where a , b , and c are members of our new lattice, we define the transfer function:

$$f([a \rightarrow p_1, b \rightarrow p_2, c \rightarrow p_3]) = [a \rightarrow p_2 \oplus p_3, b \rightarrow p_2, c \rightarrow p_3]$$

Where p_1 , p_2 , and p_3 are elements of the base lattice.

2.1 Fill in the table for the \oplus operator

\oplus	\perp	Even	Odd	\top
\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
Even	\perp			\top
Odd	\perp			\top
\top	\perp	\top	\top	\top

Answer:

\oplus	\perp	Even	Odd	\top
\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
Even	\perp	Even	Odd	\top
Odd	\perp	Odd	Even	\top
\top	\perp	\top	\top	\top

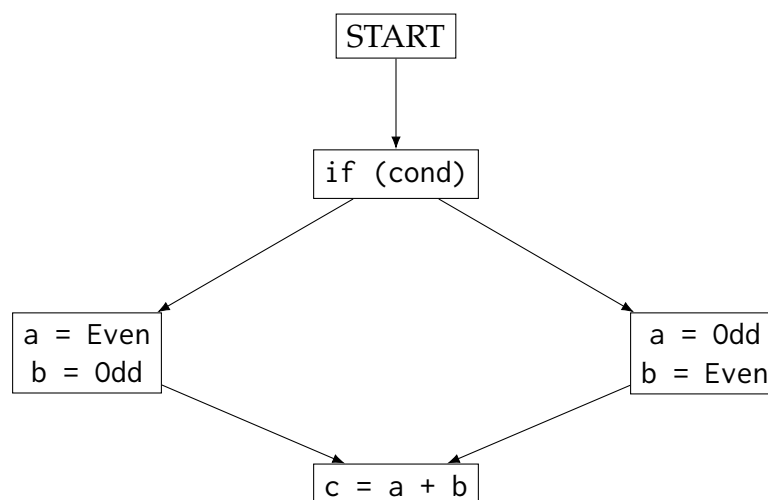
2.2 Finish the transfer function of a statement $c = a$

$$f([a \rightarrow p_1, b \rightarrow p_2, c \rightarrow p_3]) = [a \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad b \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad c \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}]$$

Answer:

$$= [a \rightarrow p_1, \quad b \rightarrow p_2, \quad c \rightarrow p_1]$$

Suppose we are performing parity analysis on the following control flow graph:



2.3 What is the lattice point associated with the program point after the node $c = a + b$?

$$[a \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad b \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad c \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}]$$

Answer:

$$= [a \rightarrow \top, \quad b \rightarrow \top, \quad c \rightarrow \top]$$

2.4 As a human, what is the most precise parity information you can determine for the program point after the node $c = a + b$?

$$[a \rightarrow \text{_____,} \quad b \rightarrow \text{_____,} \quad c \rightarrow \text{_____}]$$

Answer:

$$= [a \rightarrow \top, \quad b \rightarrow \top, \quad c \rightarrow \text{Odd}]$$